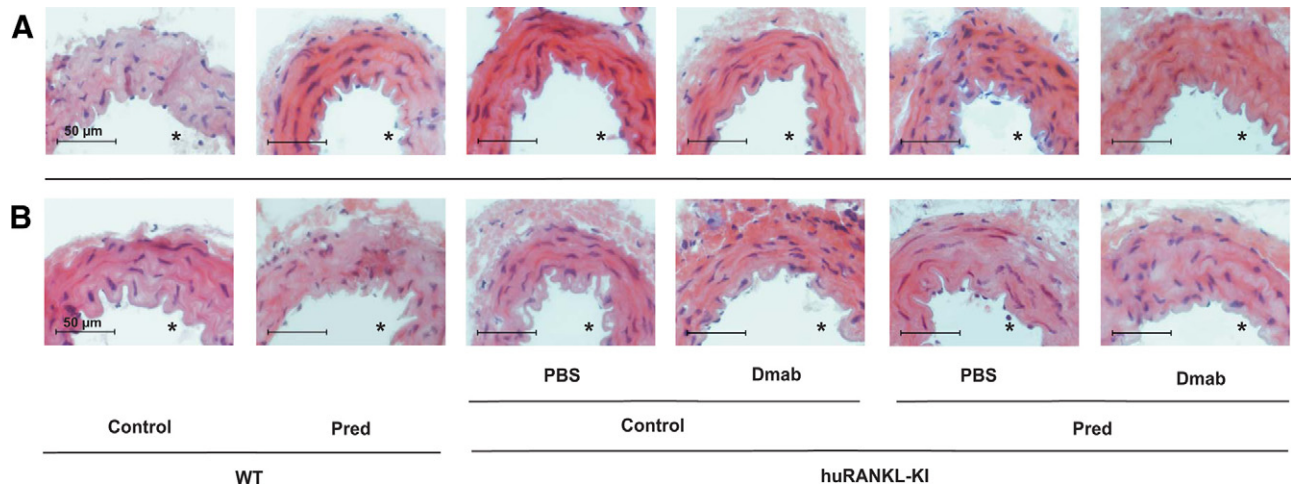


# Corrections

In the article entitled, "Inhibition of Receptor Activator of NF- $\kappa$ B Ligand by Denosumab Attenuates Vascular Calcium Deposition in Mice" (Volume 175, pages 473–478 of the August 2009 issue of *The American Journal of Pathology*), Figure 1B contained an error. The images for wild-type mice (WT) on prednisolone treatment (second image from the left) and the human RANKL knock-in (huRANKL-KI) mice on prednisolone and denosumab treatment (sixth image from the left) were inadvertently

uplicated. The authors assert that the correction of this mistake does not alter the conclusions of the paper. The corrected Figure 1 (with legend) appears below.

In the article entitled "High Levels of Tumor Necrosis Factor- $\alpha$  Contribute to Accelerated Loss of Cartilage in Diabetic Fracture Healing." (Volume 175, pages 1574–1585 of the October 2009 issue), the third author's name was spelled incorrectly. The correct spelling is Michelle Siqueira.



**Figure 1.** Histomorphology of the aorta from wild-type (WT) and human RANKL knock-in (huRANKL-KI) mice treated with prednisolone (Pred), denosumab (Dmab), or both. Representative sections from the thoracic (A) and abdominal (B) aorta are shown. Scale bar = 50  $\mu$ m. **Asterisk** denotes aortic lumen. Original magnification,  $\times 40$ .